Practitioner's Docket No. 4686/00008

CHAPTER II

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES ELECTED OFFICE (EO/US)

(ENTRY INTO U.S. NATIONAL PHASE UNDER CHAPTER II)

PCT/US00/25793	20 September 2000 (20.09.00)	20 September 1999 (20.09.99)
International Application Number	International Filing Date	International Earliest Priority Date

TITLE OF INVENTION: Non-Woven Composite Fabric and Method and Apparatus for Manufacturing Same

APPLICANT(S): Colson, Wendell B.; Swiszcz, Paul G.

Box PCT Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington D.C. 20231 ATTENTION: EO/US

- 1. Applicant herewith submits to the United States Elected Office (EO/US) the following items under 35 U.S.C. Section 371:
 - a. This express request to immediately begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. Section 371(f)).
 - b. The U.S. National Fee (35 U.S.C. Section 371(c)(1)) and other fees (37 C.F.R. Section 1.492) as indicated below:

(Transmittal Letter to the United States Elected Office (EO/US)--page 1 of 9)

2. Fees

CLAIMS FEE*	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALC- ULATIONS	
:	TOTAL CLAIMS	18 -20 =	0	x \$18.00 =	\$0.00	
	INDEPEN- DENT CLAIMS	4 -3=	1	x \$80.00 =	\$80.00	
	MULTIPLE DEPI	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable) + \$270.00				
BASIC FEE	Where n	U.S. PTO WAS NOT INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION AUTHORITY Where no international preliminary examination fee as set forth in Section 1.482 has been paid to the U.S. PTO, and payment of an international search fee as set forth in Section 1.445(a)(2) to the U.S. PTO: where a search report on the international application has been prepared by the European Patent Office or the Japanese Patent Office (37 C.F.R. Section 1.492(a)(5))			\$890.00	
		Total of above Calculations				
SMALL ENTITY	Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Affidavit must be filed. (note 37 CFR Sections 1.9, 1.27, 1.28)			- \$0.00		
		· Subtotal				
		Total National Fee				
	Fee for recording the enclosed assignment document \$40.00 (37 C.F.R. Section 1.21(h)). See attached "ASSIGNMENT COVER SHEET".				\$0.00	
TOTAL			•	Total Fees enclosed	\$970.00	

Please charge Account No. 19-0733 in the amount of \$970.00.

- 3. A translation of the International application into the English language (35 U.S.C. Section 371(c)(2)) is not required as the application was filed in English.
- 4. Amendments to the claims of the International application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. Section 371(c)(3)) have not been transmitted. Applicant chose not to make amendments under PCT Article 19.
- 5. A translation of the annexes to the international preliminary examination report is not required as the annexes are in the English language.
- 6. An oath or declaration of the inventor (35 U.S.C. Section 371(c)(4)) complying with 35 U.S.C. Section 115 will follow.

(Transmittal Letter to the United States Elected Office (EO/US)--page 2 of 9)

- II. Other document(s) or information included:
- 7. An International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210) or Declaration under PCT Article 17(2)(a) is transmitted herewith.
- 8. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 C.F.R. Sections 1.97 and 1.98 will be transmitted within THREE MONTHS of the date of submission of requirements under 35 U.S.C. Section 371(c).
- Additional documents:
 - a. Copy of request (PCT/RO/101)
 - b. International Publication No. WO 01/21383 A1
 Specification, claims and drawing
- 10. The above items are being transmitted before 30 months from any claimed priority date.

AUTHORIZATION TO CHARGE ADDITIONAL FEES

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge the following additional fees that may be required by this paper and during the entire pendency of this application to Account No.: 19-0733

37 C.F.R. Section 1.492(a)(1), (2), (3), and (4) (filing fees)

37 C.F.R. Section 1.492(b), (c), and (d) (presentation of extra claims)

37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (application processing fees)

37 C.F.R. Section 1.17(a)(1)-(5) (extension fees pursuant to Section 1.136(a))

Date: 3/19/2002

Ernest V. Linek

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TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES RECEIVING OFFICE

Ĭ.	Certification under 37 CF	R 1.10 (if applicable)	JC131	Rec'd PCT/PTO 19 MAR 2002
	EV 066774350	US	19 March 2002	
-	Express Mail mailing	number		Date of Deposit
I he	ereby certify that the application/correspondressee" service under 37 CFR 1 10 on the	ndence attached hereto is being deposited we e date indicated above and is addressed to A	th the United States Possistant Commissioner	ostal Service "Express Mail Post Office to for Patents, Washington, D C. 20231.
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AND METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MANUFACTURING SAME

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §119 from commonly owned provisional application, U.S.S.N. 60/154,717, filed 20 September 1999, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to non-woven fabric materials and, more particularly, to a composite fabric which includes at least two non-woven fabric layers; a first non-woven layer having yarns aligned in the machine direction; and a second non-woven layer having yarns aligned substantially perpendicular to the machine direction, along with an apparatus and method for manufacturing the same.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In the present invention, two non-woven yarn substrates are combined into a composite structure, which, after lamination, preferably pressure lamination, has a variety of uses. In particular, either before, or after lamination, the composite fabric of the present invention has the general

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appearance of a woven fabric.

Reference to the term yarn will be made throughout the description of the invention and the term should be broadly interpreted to include mono and multi-filament yarns and strands of material. The yarns may be large or small in diameter or denier, and can be made from many types of materials including but not limited to polyester, polyethylene, polypropylene, polyaramid and other polymers or plastics; wool, cotton, hemp and other natural fibers; blends of natural and/or synthetic fibers; glass, metal, graphite and the like. It is conceivable that some of the warp and/or weft yarns may be copper or aluminum wire. It should also be appreciated with the description that follows that various densities of warp or weft yarn wrap will be referenced and these densities will vary depending upon the type of yarn as described above and the desired characteristics of the non-woven product being manufactured.

Accordingly, one embodiment of this invention is directed to a composite fabric, which includes at least two non-woven fabric layers; a first non-woven layer having yarns aligned in the machine direction; and a second non-woven layer having yarns aligned substantially perpendicular to the machine direction.

Two additional embodiments of the present invention are (1) a continuous, in-line fabrication method and (2) apparatus for manufacturing such non-woven fabric.

The non-woven fabric of the present invention has the appearance of a woven fabric, but is considered a non-woven because the warp and weft yarns are not interlaced or interwoven, but instead are laid one over the other and adhered together.

One embodiment of the composite fabric of the present invention involves the use of warp yarns and weft yarns positioned substantially perpendicular to one another. The terms "substantially perpendicular" as used herein are meant to include angles that approximate 90 degrees, and include specifically a range of from about 85 to 95 degrees, preferably 87 to 93 degrees, more preferably 89 to 91 degrees and most preferably 89.5 to 90.5 degrees.

The two different yarns are adhered to one another with an adhesive material that is first set during the initial processing, and may be further set during pressure lamination. The yarn density can approach as high as 140 yarns per inch for a single strand 36 cotton count yarn. This is substantially higher than the density available in the same yarn count of a conventional woven fabric, which has a maximum yarn density of about 90 yarns per inch for the same yarn. The adhesive preferably represents less than 5-20% by weight of the entire structure.

The apparatus of the present invention includes a supply station for warp yarn material. For the purposes of this disclosure, warp yarn material will be any material or combination of yarns that has yarns or fibers primarily positioned to run in the machine direction of the apparatus and that are, at a minimum, coated with a thin coating of adhesive material. The apparatus further includes a warp yarn material delivery station where the warp yarn material is conformed longitudinally to the outer surface of a cylindrical support so as to extend longitudinally of the support, and a weft yarn application station through which the warp material passes. Once the composite fabric material (combined warp and weft yarns) has been formed, an adhesive situated between the non-woven fabric layers is heated and cooled to bond the layers. The bonded composite fabric material may be treated with high pressure and heat to make a more secure bond. However, this final pressure-bonding step is not mandatory, but it does increase the strength characteristics of the final composite product.

In the present invention, the west yarn application station comprises an enclosed rotating drum that has a ring-like enclosure with a plurality of supplies of west yarn material on separate individual spools, cones or the like. The drum has a cylindrical axial passage along its longitudinal axis through which the

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warp yarns with the overlying adhesive pass. The cylindrical axial passage is fitted with a conical aligner, which serves as the final guide for guiding the rotating weft yarns into position on the warp yarns in substantially perpendicular alignment. The conical aligner is a stationary unit, which has an angled or sloped surface directed toward the forward movement of the warp yarns. A slope ranging from about 30 to 60 degrees has been found to be effective, with a 45-degree slope being preferred.

Each of the weft yarns are delivered to a fixed point on the stationary conical aligner, and from that point each yarn falls down the slope of the aligner and finally falls into place on the cylindrical warp fabric yarns, landing on the adhesive on the exposed surface of the warp yarns. By use of the conical aligner of the present invention, the weft yarns do not overlap one another. Instead, the weft yarns bump one another down the aligner and onto the warp fabric, creating a tight packing of the individual fibers laid transversely around the adhesive and warp yarns as the drum rotates at about 500-600 rpm about its axis. Tension of the weft yarns is provided by the centrifugal rotation of the drum.

It will be appreciated that both the tensioning of the weft yarns and the conical aligner's guiding of the placement of the weft yarns at the surface of the warp yarn material, in conjunction with the rotation of the weft yarns around the warp yarn material results in very high accuracy of weft yarn placement. High accuracy of the yarn placement can result in high weft yarn packing density, uniformity of the weft yarn, structural engineering of the fabric based on known placement of the weft yarns, and overall improved performance of the product.

In a preferred embodiment of the apparatus, up to twelve spools of weft yarn material can be mounted within the rotating drum on a radial wall thereof even though the size of the drum can be increased or the density of the spools within the drum can be increased so as to allow for more or less than twelve spools. By providing twelve spools of material at a pre-determined equal

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circumferential spacing within the drum, the drum can be properly balanced so that it can be rotated at high rates of speed substantially without vibration. It is also important that the twelve spools, or however many are used, are at an exactly equal angular displacement relative to each other, for a uniform spacing of weft yarns. Exact angular displacement and the pushing of the weft yarns against the next adjacent weft yarn results in the weft yarns being precisely and controllably placed so as to optimize weft yarn packing. However, if a pattern is desired, this equal displacement could be modified.

The drum also has a separate power source for rotating the drum at a different speed than the power source at the take-up station in the apparatus, which advances the transfer belt and the warp yarn material through the apparatus. Accordingly, the warp yarn material can be moved linearly through the apparatus along the cylindrical support at a selected or varied rate of speed while the rate of rotation of the drum can be at an independent selected and variable speed. This allows the weft yarns to be wrapped around the warp yarn material at predetermined or desired spacing and also at an angle relative to the longitudinal axis of the warp yarn material. In other words, while the weft yarn material is wrapped substantially perpendicularly to the warp yarn material, in reality it is slightly offset from perpendicular and the angle of offset can be varied by varying the rate of rotation of the drum relative to the linear speed at which the warp yarn material is advanced through the drum. As the angle is varied, so is the average spacing of the weft yarns.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a flow-chart depicting the process of the present invention in which a source of aligned warp yarns is combined with a source of weft yarns and then an adhesive which binds the two yarn sources together is activated (heating and cooling) and thereafter a combined non-woven fabric product is collected at a take-up station. This material is useful "as is" or it may be further processed as described below.

- Fig. 2 is a diagrammatic side elevation of a preferred embodiment of the manufacturing apparatus of the present invention.
- Fig. 3 is a fragmentary diagrammatic top elevation of the apparatus shown in Fig. 2 with the adhesive removed for clarity.
- Fig. 4 is a fragmentary diagrammatic side elevation of the apparatus shown in Fig. 2.
 - Fig. 5 is an enlarged fragmentary section taken along line 8-8 of Fig. 4.
 - Fig. 6 is an enlarged fragmentary section taken along line 7-7 of Fig. 4.
- Fig. 7 is an enlarged fragmentary section taken along line 10-10 of Fig. 6.
- Fig. 8 is an enlarged fragmentary section taken along line 11-11 of Fig. 4 and having been rotate ninety degrees.
- Fig. 9 is a side cutaway of the conical aligner showing how the west yarns are delivered to the warp yarn surface in a tightly packed arrangement.
- Fig. 10 is a perspective view showing the weft yarns being applied at wide spacing to the warp yarn cylinder, showing how the weft yarns slide down the conical aligner face to drop precisely down on the warp yarn material.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The non-woven fabric manufacturing apparatus 60 of the present invention is shown in Fig. 2 to include an elongated in-line framework 62 including a warp yarn material supply station 64, a west yarn application station 66, a heating station 68, a cooling station 70, a flattening station 72, and a take-up station 76. From the take-up station, the composite non-woven fabric of

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this invention can either be used directly, for instance as a light filtering medium, or it can be pressure laminated into a high strength composite fabric, suitable for use under extreme conditions, e.g., as sail cloth fabric.

PCT Publication No. WO 00/41523 describes a non-woven warp yarn fabric material, which is one preferred layer of the composite fabric in the present invention. In general, this aspect of the PCT publication describes a preferred warp yarn material for use in the present invention. The substrate comprises a plurality of yarns that are formed into an aligned group, substantially parallel and equally spaced apart, and held together by a hot melt adhesive applied to one side of the fiber group. This fiber orientation, in which the fibers run in the machine direction, creates a non-woven fabric material substrate in which the fibers mimic warp yarns, which can be combined with one or more woven or non-woven fiber substrates and pressure laminated to create finished products that have superior strength characteristics but retain the visual impression and physical feel of a woven material.

PCT Publication No. WO 00/41523 also describes a pressure laminator for finalizing the processing of the composite material of the present invention. In general, this aspect of the PCT publication describes a dual belt driven, continuous pressure lamination apparatus that utilizes pressure, heat and cooling to bond at least two substrates (plies) with an adhesive between the layers of the substrates. This pressure laminator has been specifically designed to permit the permanent joining of at least two non-woven fabric substrates with an adhesive between the substrates, with little or no shrinkage occurring during the lamination process. The resulting non-woven fabric advantageously has the appearance of a woven fabric, but has superior strength characteristics there over.

As illustrated in Figs. 2 and 4, a warp yarn material 78 is provided on a supply roll 80 at the warp yarn material supply station 64. Once in place at the supply station 64 of the apparatus of the present invention the warp yarn material 78 is passed on an endless, recycling transfer belt 124, preferably of

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PTFE (Teflon®). A series of bars and folding points (not shown) convert the flat sheet of warp yarn material into a curved or cylindrical shape. This folding box equipment is known in the art, and once the warp yarn material has the general shape of a cylinder, with the adhesive layer on the outside or exposed surface, the warp yarns are ready to be over wrapped with the weft yarn material.

Once formed into a cylindrical shape, the warp yarn material is advanced through the weft yarn application station 66 at a pre-determined rate with the warp yarn adhesive coating positioned on the exterior surface of the cylindrically configured warp yarn material. As the warp yarn material passes through the weft yarn application station, a series of weft yarns 128 radially located on a rotating drum 130 an equal distance from one another are wrapped transversely around the cylindrically configured warp yarn material at a predetermined rate and the resultant composite structure of warp yarn material 78, adhesive coating 116 and weft yarns 128 is then advanced through the heating station 68 where the adhesive coating is melted so that the adhesive will bond the warp yarn material and the weft yarns.

Immediately thereafter the composite material passes through the cooling or adhesive setting station 70 where the adhesive is set so as to no longer be tacky. The bonded fabric composite 131 progresses from the cooling station to the take-up station 76, a cutter 132, preferably a rotary cutter, longitudinally severs the cylindrical composite fabric material and the cut composite fabric material progressively changes from its cylindrical orientation, back to a generally flat orientation in the flattening station 72. At the downstream end of the flattening station, the belt passes down and around a drive roller 133 that underlies the endless belt, where the belt is returned to the supply station 64 via tensioning roller 135 and idler rollers 137. The drive roller, through its driving engagement with the endless belt, thereby advances the warp yarn material through the apparatus.

Fig. 3 is another diagrammatic view looking down on the apparatus shown in Fig. 2. This view illustrates the longitudinal, or machine direction

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orientation of the warp yarn material as it enters the west yarn application station 66 and the resultant non-woven composite fabric product 131 extending from the west yarn application station toward the take-up station 76.

The supply of warp yarn material 78 is disposed on the transfer roll 90 at the supply station and the yarns or fibers in the material 78 extend in parallel side-by-side relationship. A suitable braking or friction system (not seen) prevents the roll 110 from rotating freely and thus overrunning. The material is passed over an idler roller 144 onto the driven, endless recycling PTFE (Teflon®) belt 124 that supports the warp yarn material and advances it through the weft yarn application station. The PTFE (Teflon®) belt conforms to the support structure 126 and slides over a stainless steel wear plate.

As seen in Fig. 5, at the west yarn application station 66, the PTFE (Teslon®) belting 124 continues through the west yarn application station and is supported by a rigid inner cylindrical ring 144 that extends substantially the full length of the west yarn application station.

Fig. 5 illustrates the weft yarn application station 66, which includes an outer housing 146 having a rear or downstream wall 152 having an aligned circular opening 154 there through, a top wall 156, a bottom wall 158, and side walls 160. A rigid support ring 162 having a peripheral flange 164 at its upstream end is bolted or otherwise secured to the rear wall 152 of the housing and defines a cylindrical passage 166 through the weft yarn application station. An inner cylindrical surface of the support ring is circumferentially spaced from the belting as it extends through the weft yarn application station. The support ring carries at longitudinally spaced locations on its outer surface the inner races of large diameter thin section ball bearings 168 such as of the type provided by Kaydon Corp. of Sumter, South Carolina. Outer races of the ball bearings respectively support another cylindrical body 170 that forms the inner cylindrical wall of the rotating drum. The inner cylindrical wall of the rotating drum supports a front radial wall 172 at the upstream end of the drum and radial wheel 194 at the downstream end of the drum, and the radial walls

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support an outer cylindrical wall 176 of the drum. The radial wheel 194 has guideposts 195 on the outer edges for delivering the west yarns to the warp ring. The innermost portion of the radial wheel terminates at the conical aligner 200, which has a radiused, curved or sloped surface. The conical aligner 200 guides the west yarns into a substantially perpendicular alignment with the warp yarns.

As shown in Fig. 7, a variable speed electric motor 178, serving as power means for the weft yarn application station, is mounted on the upstream face of the front wall 148 of the housing and has a drive shaft 180 that extends into the interior of the housing and supports a drive pulley 182 that is aligned with one of the ball bearings 168. The inner cylindrical wall 170 supports a pulley 186 around which a drive belt 188 extends so as to operably interconnect the drum with the drive pulley 182 of the electric motor. Energization of the electric motor thereby rotates the drum at variably selected speeds. The details of the mounting of the ball bearing and drive belt is probably best seen in the enlarged view in Fig. 7.

A plurality of source supplies of weft yarn material are provided in the form of spools 200 of such material and are removably mounted on the inner surface of the front wall 172 of the rotating drum, again in circumferentially spaced relationship and alignment with the circular openings 190 in the rear wall of the drum. It should be appreciated that the number of spools of weft yarn material could vary and while the disclosed embodiment shows six such spools, more or less could be used, in a preferred embodiment, twelve such spools are used. The weft yarn material is extended from a spool 206 to the eyelet 198 on disk 194 and then passed radially inwardly down the face of disk 194 to another eyelet at the base of disk 194. This is best seen in Figs. 9 and 10.

As the west yarn application drum rotates, the west yarns are delivered through eyelet 204 on disk 194, and the yarns slip down the curved slope of the conical aligner 200, by which each yarn is delivered to the warp in a

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substantially perpendicular alignment. Fig. 9 best illustrates the conical aligner of the present invention. As shown therein, the conical aligner 200 is a stationary device, with a surface angle or slope, which faces the direction of travel of the warp yarn materials. The weft yarns are delivered to the surface of the conical aligner by rotatory pulleys operating in conjunction with the rotating drum. The individual weft yarns are each delivered to substantially the same spot on the sloped surface of the conical aligner. They fall down the sloped surface, and are forced, one after the other, down into a tight spacing on the surface of the adhesive coated warp yarns. Fig. 10 shows a perspective view of the application of weft yarns, in a wide spacing manner, to the warp yarns. Once the weft yarns have been applied to the warp yarn material, the adhesive between the yarns must be heated and cooled to form a non-woven fabric. These steps are conducted in the next part of the apparatus as discussed below.

The adhesive heating station 68 consists of a steel or other heat transmitting cylindrical core 272 that is positioned interiorly of the belt 124 immediately downstream from the weft yarn material application station 66 and forms an axial extension of the rigid cylindrical ring 162 in the weft yarn application station. Resistive heat elements 274 are circumferentially positioned around the steel core 272 with the resistive heat elements connected to an electrical source by wiring 276 as possibly best seen in Fig. 6, which passes through the cylindrical ring support in the weft yarn application station and outwardly of the apparatus through a circular aperture 278 therein so that it can be plugged into an electrical power source in a conventional manner. When an electrical current is applied to the resistive elements, the metal core 272 is heated thereby radiating heat outwardly through the warp yarn material, the adhesive on the warp yarn material, and the overlying layer of weft yarn material. The heat is controlled to sufficiently melt the adhesive to bond the warp and weft yarns together.

As the composite fabric material 131 of bonded warp and west yarns is moved downstream, it next encounters the cooling or adhesive setting station 70 which, again, includes a steel or other heat conductive cylinder 280 which

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immediately underlies the belt 124. A heat transfer system 282 interiorly of the cylinder 280 uses circulating coolant from inlet and outlet tubes 284, respectively, in a conventional manner to remove heat from the composite fabric material. The coolant transfer tubes (not shown) are connected to the heat transfer system so that a continuous supply of coolant fluid can be circulated through the cooling station to set the adhesive thereby securely bonding the warp and weft yarn material.

As the composite fabric material 131 leaves the cooling station 70 and is moved further downstream, it engages the fabric cutter 132 that is conventional and is mounted on a bracket 286. The cutter serves to sever the composite fabric material 131 along its length as it is moved along the apparatus.

As the material progresses further downstream after being cut, it is flattened out as the support structure 126 transgresses from a cylindrical configuration to a flat configuration in the flattening station 72. Accordingly, as the non-woven composite fabric material reaches the drive roller 133 and then passes to the take-up station 76, it has been flattened on the belt 124 and is wrapped around the take-up roll 136 until a desired amount of fabric material has been accumulated. The take-up roller can then be removed from the machine and replaced with another take-up roller to continue the process.

Although the present invention has been described with a certain degree of particularity, it is understood that the present disclosure has been made by way of example, and changes in detail or structure may be made without departing from the spirit of the invention as defined in the appended claims.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An apparatus for forming a non-woven fabric product having substantially perpendicular warp yarns and weft yarns, said apparatus comprising in combination,

a warp yarn support system including an elongated substantially cylindrical support structure having a low friction outer substantially cylindrical surface.

a supply of elongated parallel warp yarns positioned side-by-side along the length of said substantially cylindrical surface, said warp yarns having a coating of adhesive on their exposed surface,

a delivery system for weft yarn material including a drum mounted for rotation about said support structure, power means for rotating said drum about said support structure, at least one source supply of weft yarn material mounted on said drum for rotation therewith, and a guide system for delivering said weft yarn material from said source supply to said adhesive coated outer surface of said warp yarns, upon rotation of said drum such that said weft yarn material is wrapped around said warp yarns in substantially perpendicular relationship therewith,

a driven take-up system downstream from said weft yarn delivery system operatively connected to said warp yarns for moving said warp yarns along said support structure and through said weft yarn delivery system, and

a heater downstream from said weft yarn delivery system for activating said adhesive to bond said wrapped weft yarn material to said warp yarns,

wherein said driven system and said power means for rotating said drum are independently operated and at least one is variably driven such that the angle of wrap of said west yarn material relative to the warp yarns is variable.

- 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said source supplies of west yarn material are spools of the west yarn material.
- 3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said drum comprises a hollow ring surrounding said cylindrical support structure having a radial wall with

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inner and outer surfaces and a spaced apart radial wheel interconnected with said radial wall and said source supplies of west yarn material are mounted on the inner surface of said radial wall.

- 4. The apparatus of claim 3, wherein west yarn material from each of said source supply is fed to said radial wheel radially inwardly along said radial wheel to the warp yarns on said cylindrical support structure.
- 7. The apparatus of claim 6, wherein said radial wheel further includes a conical alignment guide positioned immediately adjacent to said warp yarns and around which said weft yarns extend prior to being wound around said warp yarns.
- 8. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said weft yarn material is wrapped about said warp yarns so as to establish 40-100 wraps of weft yarn material per inch along the length of said warp yarns.
- 9. A non-woven fabric comprised of one layer of warp yarns and a second layer of substantially perpendicular weft yarns, the density of at least one of said warp yarns and weft yarns in the fabric being in the range of 40-140 yarns per inch.
- 10. The fabric of claim 9, wherein the density of both said warp yarns and west yarns in the fabric is in the range of 40-140 yarns per inch.
- 11. The fabric of claim 9 or 10, wherein the denier of said warp and west yarns is different.
- 12. The fabric of claim 9 or 10, wherein the denier of said warp and west yarns is the same.
- 13. A non-woven sail cloth fabric comprised of a layer of warp yarns and a layer of substantially perpendicular weft yarns adhesively secured

together, said adhesive constituting 5-20% of the weight of the non-woven fabric.

- 14. The sail cloth fabric of claim 13, wherein the density of at least one of said warp yarns and said weft yarns in the fabric is in the range of 40-100 yarns per inch.
- 15. The sail cloth fabric of claim 14, wherein the density of both said warp yarns and west yarns in the fabric is in the range of 40-100 yarns per inch.
- 16. The sail cloth fabric of claims 13, 14, or 15, wherein the denier of said warp and weft yarns is different.
- 17. A method of forming a non-woven product having warp yarn material in a first direction and weft yarn material in a substantially perpendicular direction to said warp yarns, said method including the steps of:

supplying a plurality of substantially parallel warp yarns longitudinally of their length in said first direction, said warp yarns having a coating of adhesive on one side thereof;

supporting said plurality of warp yarns, with said adhesive coating exposed, in longitudinally moving relationship and in a side-by-side arrangement along the length of an elongated substantially cylindrical support surface;

wrapping at least one individual weft yarn to and around the radially outermost surface of the warp yarns in a substantially perpendicular relationship therewith;

moving the warp yarns along the support surface for downstream collection subsequent to the wrapping step;

heating and thereby activating the adhesive to bond the wrapped weft yarns to the warp yarns.

18. The method of claim 17, wherein the west yarns are wrapped about the warp yarns so as to establish 40 to 100 wraps per inch of west yarns along

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the length of the warp yarns.

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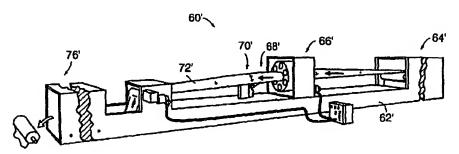
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(54) Title: NON-WOVEN COMPOSITE FABRIC AND METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MANUFACTURING SAME



(57) Abstract: An apparatus for fabricating a unique non-woven fabric which has the appearance of a woven fabric includes a supply station for adhesive coated parallel warp yarns, a support structure for orienting the parallel warp yarns into a cylindrical orientation with the adhesive coating on the outside, a weft yarn applicator for wrapping weft yarns around the cylindrically oriented warp yarns, a heating station for activating the adhesive and a cooling station for setting the adhesive, and a cutter for severing the cylindrically formed fabric composite so that it can be flattened and wrapped onto a take-up roller. The weft yarn applicator includes a rotating drum wherein a plurality of spools of weft yarn material are mounted in circumferentially spaced relationship. Tension on the weft yarns is provided by the rotation of the drum (centrifugal force) and a stationary conical aligner is used to guide the weft yarn material onto the warp yarns in substantially perpendicular alignment.

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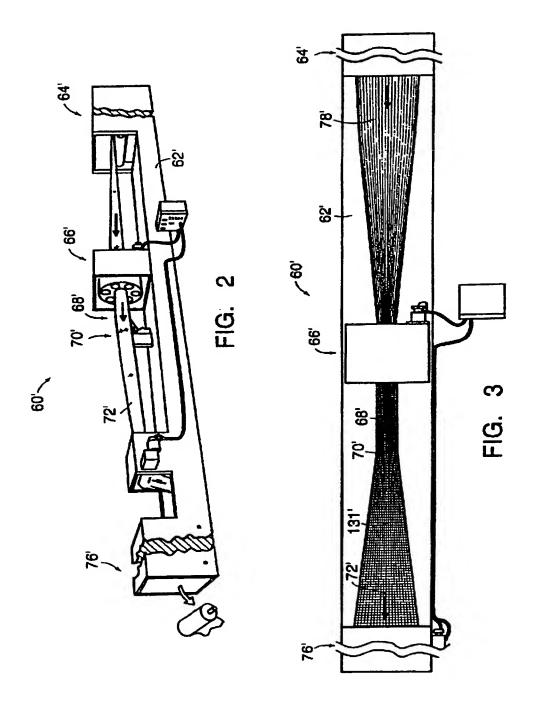
ALIGNED WARP YARN SOURCE

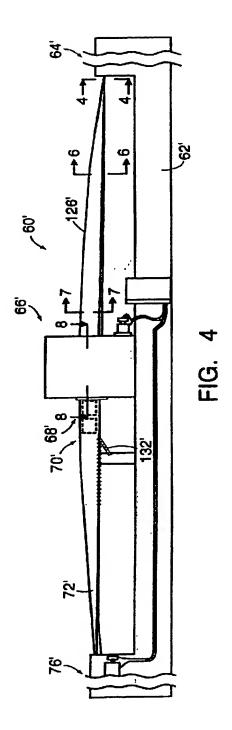
WEFT YARN SUPPLY STATION

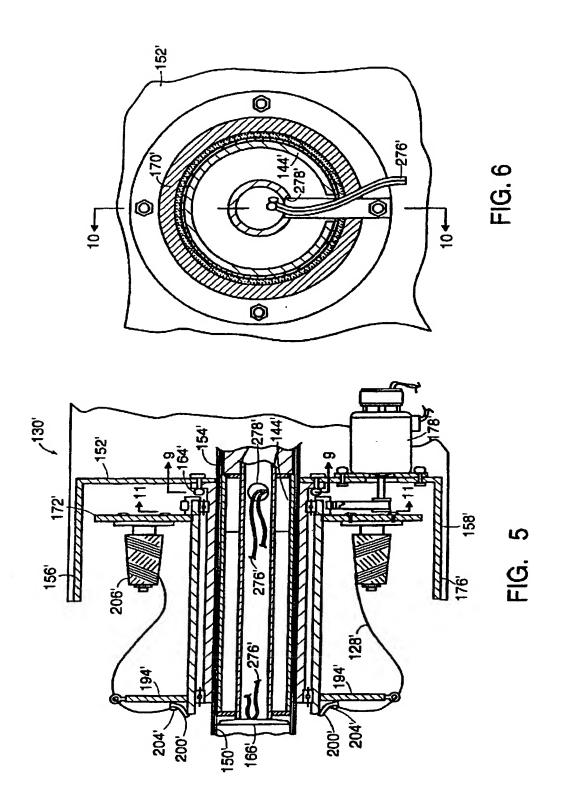
ADHESIVE ACTIVATION

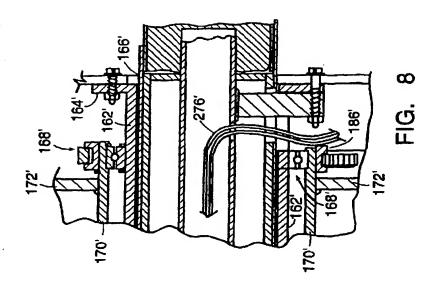
TAKE-UP STATION FOR NON-WOVEN FABRIC PRODUCT

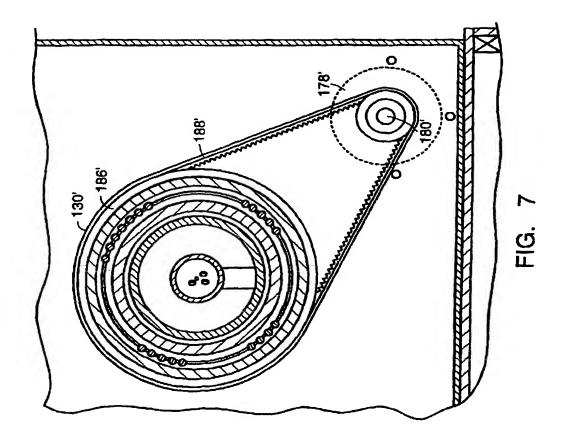
FIG. 1

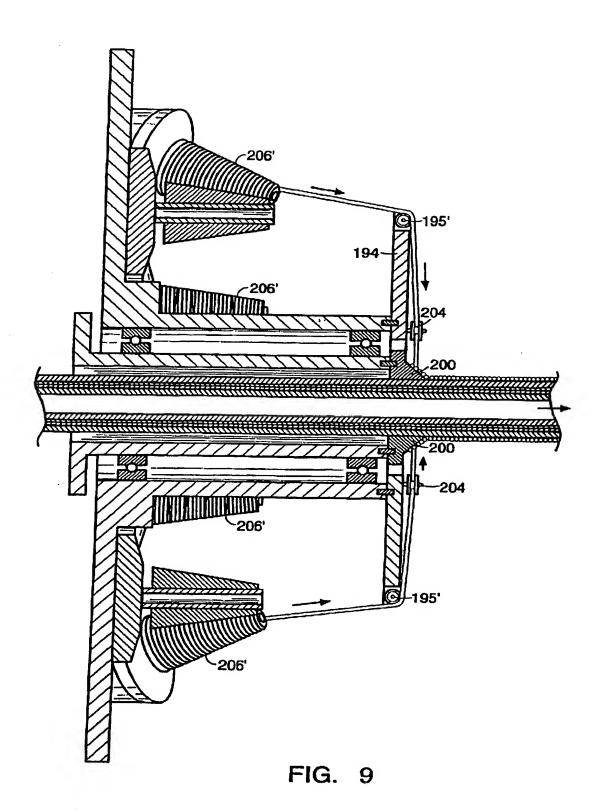


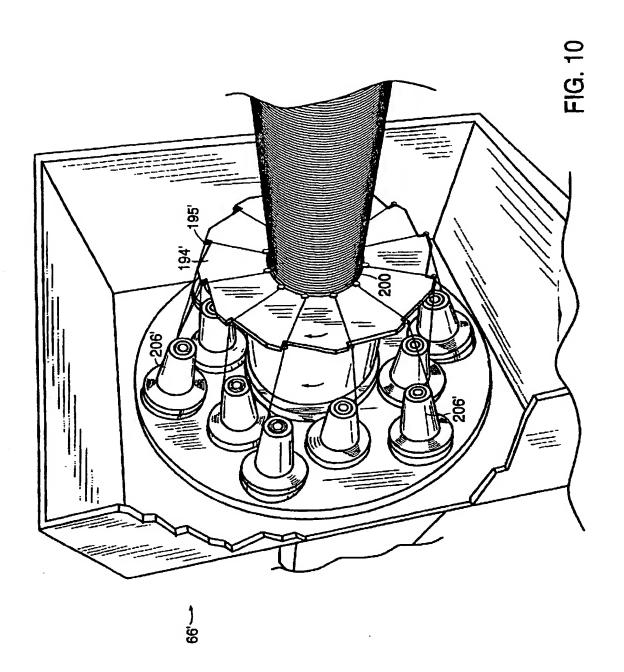














As the below named inventors, we hereby declare that:

Our residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to our names;

We believe we are the original, first and joint inventors of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled, Non-Woven Composite Fabric and Method and Apparatus for Manufacturing Same, the specification of which

- □ is attached hereto.
- was filed on <u>03/19/2002</u> as Application Serial Number <u>10/088,613</u> and was amended on <u>(if applicable)</u>.
- was filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) and accorded International Application No. <u>PCT/US00/25793</u>, filed <u>09/20/2000</u>, and amended on _____ (if any).

We hereby state that we have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

We hereby acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, '1.56(a).

Prior Foreign Application(s)

We hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, '119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Country	Application No.	Date of Filing (day month year)	Date of Issue (day month year)	Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. ' 119
PCT	PCT/US00/25793	09/20/2000		Yes
		-		

Prior United States Provisional Application(s)

. We hereby claim priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, '119(e)(1) of any U.S. provisional application listed below:

U.S. Provisional Application No.	Date of Filing (day month year)	Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. '119(e)(1)
60/154,717	20 September 1999	Yes

Prior United States Application(s)

We hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, '120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, '112, we acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, '1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Serial No.	Date of Filing (Day, Month, Year)	Status C Patented, Pending, Abandoned

POWER OF ATTORNEY

I hereby appoint, the practitioners associated with the Customer Number provided below to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and direct that all correspondence be addressed to that Customer Number:

All correspondence and telephone communication; should be addressed to:

Customer Number: 22910 Ernest V. Linek - Reg. No. 29,822

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information and belief are believed to	true; and further that	these statements were made imprisonment, or both, unde	with the knowledge that willful er Section 1001 of Title 18 of the
Signature Westell	BU	Date	June 13 02
Full Name of First Inventor	COLSON_ Family Name	Wendell First Given Name	Second Given Name
	tts	Citizenship <u>United State</u>	<u>es</u>
Signature Sun M	My	Date_	6/12/02
Full Name of Second Inventor	SWISZCZ	Paul	G.
Residence Boulder, Colorado	Family Name untain Road, Boulder, C	First Given Name Citizenship United Colorado 80304	Second Given Name <u>States</u>
	information and belief are believed to false statements and the like of made United States Code and that such will thereon. Signature	information and belief are believed to lattrue; and further that false statements and fine lives in many punishable by fine or United States Code and that such willful false statements may thereon. Signature COLSON Family Name Residence Weston, Massachusetts Post Office Address 14 Byron Road, Weston, MA 02493 Signature Signature Swiszcz Family Name Residence Boulder, Colorado	Signature Date Full Name of First Inventor COLSON Wendell Family Name First Given Name Residence Weston, Massachusetts Post Office Address 14 Byron Road, Weston, MA 02493 Signature Date Full Name of Second Inventor SWISZCZ Paul Family Name First Given Name